

EA26 - Saniparquet

Revision nr.2 Dated 02/11/2015 Printed on 02/11/2015

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Safety data sheet

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Code: EA26
Product name Saniparquet

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use Woodfloor cleaning and maintenance.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name Tover Srl

Full address Via Rosa Luxemburg 2/A

District and Country 10093 Collegno (TO)

Italia

Tel. +39 0117792823 Fax +39 0117792749

e-mail address of the competent person

responsible for the Safety Data Sheet info@tover.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to Tover SrI - tel. +39 0117792823

SECTION 2. Hazards identification.

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture.

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of EC Regulation 1907/2006 and subsequent amendments.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Eye irritation, category 2 H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Skin irritation, category 2 H315 Causes skin irritation.

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

category 2

2.2. Label elements.

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:





Signal words: Warning

Hazard statements:

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH208 Contains: Reaction product: 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7];

2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one[EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)

May produce an allergic reaction.

Precautionary statements:

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.



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SECTION 2. Hazards identification. .../>>

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.

P332+P313 Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulation.

2.3. Other hazards.

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients.

3.1. Substances.

Information not relevant.

3.2. Mixtures.

It contains non ionic surfactants (<5%), EDTA (<5%), perfume.

In accordance with Eu.Reg.648/2004 and following amendments and adjustments.

Contains:

Identification. Conc. %. Classification 1272/2008 (CLP).

Ethoxylate alcohol C10-12

CAS. 67254-71-1 0 - 5 Eye Dam. 1 H318

EC. INDEX.

BENZALKONIUM CHLORIDE

CAS. 68424-85-1 0 - 5 Acute Tox. 4 H302, Skin Corr. 1B H314, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=10, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=10

EC. 270-325-2

INDEX.

Reaction product: 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]; 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one[EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)

CAS. 55965-84-9 0 - 0,0015 Acute Tox. 3 H301, Acute Tox. 3 H311, Acute Tox. 3 H331, Skin Corr. 1B H314, Skin Sens. 1 H317,

Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=1, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410

EC.

INDEX. 613-167-00-5

Note: Upper limit is not included into the range.

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

SECTION 4. First aid measures.

4.1. Description of first aid measures.

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 30-60 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention.

INGESTION: Have the subject drink as much water as possible. Get medical advice/attention. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor.

INHALATION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Take suitable precautions for rescue workers.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

For symptoms and effects caused by the contained substances, see chap. 11.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

Information not available.

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures.

5.1. Extinguishing media.

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide and chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water.

Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

$\ensuremath{\mathsf{5.2.}}$ Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture.

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE



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SECTION 5. Firefighting measures. .../>>

If large quantities of the product are involved in a fire, they can make it considerably worse. Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters.

GENERAL INFORMATION

In the case of fire, use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent the risk of explosions (product decomposition and excess pressure) and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Remove all containers containing the product from the fire, if it is safe to do so.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures.

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

6.2. Environmental precautions.

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up.

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Check incompatibility for container material in section 7. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections.

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage.

7.1. Precautions for safe handling.

Ensure that there is an adequate earthing system for the equipment and personnel. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Do not breathe powders, vapours or mists. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Wash hands after use. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.

Store only in the original container. Store in a ventilated and dry place, far away from sources of ignition. Keep containers well sealed. Keep the product in clearly labelled containers. Avoid overheating. Avoid violent blows. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s).

Information not available.

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection.

8.1. Control parameters.

Information not available.

8.2. Exposure controls.

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration. Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Directive 89/686/EEC and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION



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SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection. .../>>

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529. ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS.

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties.

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties.

Appearance liquid

Colour orange

Odour characteristic

Odour threshold. Not available.

pH. 9

Not available.

Melting point / freezing point. Not available. Initial boiling point. 100 °C Not available. Boiling range. Flash point. 100 Not available **Evaporation Rate** Flammability of solids and gases Not available. Lower inflammability limit. Not available. Upper inflammability limit. Not available. Lower explosive limit. Not available Upper explosive limit. Not available Vapour pressure. Not available. Vapour density Not available. Relative density. 1.000 Kg/l Solubility Miscible with water Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Not available Auto-ignition temperature. Not available. Decomposition temperature. Not available. Viscosity 10" coppa F4 20 °C Explosive properties Not available. Oxidising properties Not available

9.2. Other information.

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity.

10.1. Reactivity.

BENZALKONIUM CHLORIDE: attacks carbon steel, copper, aluminium and their alloys.

10.2. Chemical stability.

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions.

Information not available.

10.4. Conditions to avoid.

Heat, flames and sparks.

10.5. Incompatible materials.

Strong acids strong oxidizing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products.

Information not available.



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SECTION 11. Toxicological information.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

Acute effects: stinging eyes. Symptoms may include: rubescence, edema, pain and lachrymation. Ingestion may cause health problems, including stomach pain and sting, nausea and sickness.

Acute effects: contact with skin may cause: irritation, erythema, edema, dryness and chapped skin. Ingestion may cause health disorders, including stomach pain and sting, nausea and sickness.

This product contains sensitizing substance/s and may cause allergic reactions.

Toxic if inhaled.

Destructive to the tissue of the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract.

Harmful if swallowed.

It may be harmful if absorbed through the skin. It causes skin burns.

It causes eve burns.

The product is extremely destructive to mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract, as well as eyes and skin.

It causes coughing, shortness of breath, headaches and nausea.

BENZALKONIUM CHLORIDE

LD50 (Oral). 398 mg/kg ratto LD50 (Dermal). 3412 mg/kg coniglio

Ethoxylate alcohol C10-12

LD50 (Oral). 6000 mg/kg ratto LD50 (Dermal). 3000 mg/kg ratto

Reaction product: 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]; 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one[EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)

 LD50 (Oral).
 550 mg/kg Ratto

 LD50 (Dermal).
 1000 mg/kg Ratto

 LC50 (Inhalation).
 0,31 mg/l 4 ore Ratto

SECTION 12. Ecological information.

This product is dangerous for the environment and is toxic for aquatic organisms. In the long term, it have negative effects on acquatic environment.

12.1. Toxicity.

BENZALKONIUM CHLORIDE

LC50 - for Fish. 0,516 mg/l/96h
EC50 - for Crustacea. 0,016 mg/l/48h daphnia

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants. 0,03 mg/l/72h Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants. 0,009 mg/l

Ethoxylate alcohol C10-12

LC50 - for Fish. 20 mg/l/96h

EC50 - for Crustacea. 3,8 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna

LC10 for Fish. 1,5 mg/l/96h

Reaction product: 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]; 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one[EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)

EC50 - for Crustacea. 1,02 mg/l/48h Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants. 0,188 mg/l

12.2. Persistence and degradability.

Biodegradability of the non ionic surfactants in recipe: >90%.

BENZALKONIUM CHLORIDE

Rapidly biodegradable.





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SECTION 12. Ecological information. .../>>

Ethoxylate alcohol C10-12 Rapidly biodegradable.

Reaction product: 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]; 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one[EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) NOT rapidly biodegradable.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential.

Information not available.

12.4. Mobility in soil.

Information not available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment.

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

12.6. Other adverse effects.

Information not available.

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations.

13.1. Waste treatment methods.

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information.

14.1. UN number.

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: 3082

14.2. UN proper shipping name.

ADR / RID: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (BENZALKONIUM CHLORIDE)
IMDG: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (BENZALKONIUM CHLORIDE)
IATA: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (BENZALKONIUM CHLORIDE)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es).

ADR / RID: Class: 9 Label: 9

IMDG: Class: 9 Label: 9

IATA: Class: 9 Label: 9

14.4. Packing group.

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: III



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SECTION 14. Transport information. .../>>

14.5. Environmental hazards.

ADR / RID: Environmentally Hazardous.

IMDG: Marine Pollutant.

IATA: Environmentally Hazardous.



14.6. Special precautions for user.

ADR / RID: HIN - Kemler: 90 Limited Quantities: 5 L Tunnel restriction code: (E)

Special Provision: -

IMDG: EMS: F-A, S-F Limited Quantities: 5 L

IATA: Cargo: Maximum quantity: 450 L Packaging instructions: 964
Pass.: Maximum quantity: 450 L Packaging instructions: 964
Packaging instructions: 964

Special Instructions: A97, A158, A197

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code.

Information not relevant.

SECTION 15. Regulatory information.

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture.

Seveso category. None.

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006.

Product.

Point. 3

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH).

None.

Substances subject to authorisarion (Annex XIV REACH).

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None.

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None.

Healthcare controls.

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

Product not intended for uses provided for by Dir. 2004/42/CE.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment.

No chemical safety assessment has been processed for the mixture and the substances it contains.

SECTION 16. Other information.

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Acute Tox. 3
Acute Tox. 4
Skin Corr. 1B
Eye Dam. 1
Eye Irrit. 2

Acute toxicity, category 4
Skin corrosion, category 1B
Serious eye damage, category 1
Eye irritation, category 2



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SECTION 16. Other information. .../>>

Skin Irrit. 2 Skin irritation, category 2
Skin Sens. 1 Skin sensitization, category 1

Aquatic Acute 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity, category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 2

H301 Toxic if swallowed.
H311 Toxic in contact with skin.
H331 Toxic if inhaled.
H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Regulation (EU) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EU) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 4. Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- ECHA website



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SECTION 16. Other information. .../>>

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

Changes to previous review: The following sections were modified: 01 / 02 / 03 / 08 / 11 / 12 / 13 / 14 / 16. ΕN